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OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number:

3235-0123 May 31, 2017

Expires: May 31, 20 Estimated average burden

hours per response..... 12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-28600s

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	10/01/15 AND	ENDING	09/30/16		
	MM/DD/YY	**************************************	MM/DD/YY		
A. REGI	STRANT IDENTIFICATION		The state of the s		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Searle &	Co.	in and the commercial description and	OFFICIAL USE ONLY		
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) 333 Greenwich Avenue			FIRM I.D. NO.		
	(No. and Street)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Greenwich	CT	(06830		
(Сіў)	(State)	(2	Cip Code)		
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER Robert Searle	SON TO CONTACT IN REGARD	TO THIS REP	ORT (203) 869-4800		
the state of the s		- Colonia da la compania	(Area Code - Telephone Number)		
B. ACCO	UNTANT IDENTIFICATION	N	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh	ose opinion is contained in this Rep	ort*	:		
Breard & Associates, Inc., Certifie	d Public Accountants				
()	Name – if individual, state last, first, middle	name)			
9221 Corbin Avenue, Suite 170	Northridge	CA	SEUURINES 191324ANGE COMMI		
(Address)	(City)	(State)	Zip Cods VED		
CHECK ONE:			NOV 22 2016		
Certified Public Accountant					
Public Accountant			DIVISION OF TRADING & MARKET		
Accountant not resident in United	i States or any of its possessions.				
	OR OFFICIAL USE ONLY				
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

PUBLIC

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	Robert Searle		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my	knowledge and belief the accompanying financial Searle & Co.	statement ar	
of_	September 30	, 20 16	_, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
	ther the company nor any partner, proprietor, princessified solely as that of a customer, except as follow	-	or director has any proprietary interest in any account
		-	Ru
			Signature
			President
			Title
	Computation for Determination of the Reserve (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and una consolidation. (l) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	equirements atrol Require action of the Requireme adited States	Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. ments Under Rule 15c3-3. Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
**F	or conditions of confidential treatment of certain p	portions of th	nis filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).
	A notary public or other officer completing this ce verifies only the identity of the individual who sig- document to which this certificate is attached, and truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document	ertificate ned the d not the	
	State of Connectical County of FAIRFIELD		
	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before newho appeared before me.	ne on this _ e on the ba	2_ day of <u>Noverhar</u> , <u>کوالا</u> by sis of satisfactory evidences to be the person
	VI C. VI	IRGINIA	GRAY



Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors Searle & Co.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Searle & Co. ("the Company") as of September 30, 2016, and the related notes (the "financial statement"). This financial statement is the responsibility of Searle & Co.'s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Searle & Co. as of September 30, 2016, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

New York, New York November 18, 2016

Searle & Co. Statement of Financial Condition September 30, 2016

Assets

Cash	\$	525,945
Marketable securities, at fair value	·	3,111,985
Receivable from clearing organizations		1,242,867
Deposit with clearing organization		125,000
Accounts receivable		10,392
Deposits		695
Other assets		13,373
Total assets	\$	5,030,257
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity		
Liabilities		
Commissions payable	\$	193,741
Due to broker		1,911
Total liabilities		195,652
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholder's equity		
Common stock, \$1 par value, 2,700 shares authorized,		
900 shares issued and outstanding		2,700
Additional paid-in capital		45,526
Retained earnings		4,859,712
Treasury stock		(73,333)
Total stockholder's equity		4,834,605
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	<u>\$</u>	5,030,257

Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

Searle & Co. (the "Company") was incorporated in the state of Connecticut on November 22, 1982. The Company is a registered broker-dealer in securities under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"), and the Municipal Securities Regulatory Board ("MSRB"). The Company operates two lines of business from separate locations. It provides brokerage services from its Connecticut office to customers who are predominately small and middle-market businesses and upper and middle-income individuals. Its suburban Philadelphia office provides investment and reporting services for Federal Housing Administration assisted properties.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

For purposes relating to the statement of cash flows, the Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than three months that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Receivable from clearing organizations includes commissions earned on securities transactions, and proprietary trading proceeds. These receivables are stated at face amount with no allowance for doubtful accounts. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered necessary because probable uncollectable accounts are immaterial.

The Company has adopted FASB ASC 320, Investments -- Debt and Equity Securities. As such, marketable securities held by the Company are classified as trading securities and stated at their fair market value based on quoted market prices. Realized gains or losses from the sale of marketable securities are computed based on specific identification of historical cost. Unrealized gains or losses on marketable securities are computed based on specific identification of recorded cost, with the change in fair value during the period included in income.

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis with related commission income and expenses also recorded on a trade date basis.

Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

With the consent of its shareholder, the Company has elected to be treated as an S Corporation under Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. Subchapter S of the Code provides that in lieu of corporate income taxes, the shareholders are individually taxed on the Company's taxable income; therefore, no provision or liability for Federal Income Taxes is included in these financial statements.

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. For the year ended September 30, 2016, the Company expensed \$1,506 to other operating expenses for advertising costs.

Note 2: RECEIVABLE FROM CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS

Pursuant to the clearing agreement, the Company introduces all of its securities transactions to clearing brokers on a fully disclosed basis. Customers' money balances and security positions are carried on the books of the clearing brokers. In accordance with the clearance agreement, the Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing brokers for losses, if any, which the clearing brokers may sustain from carrying securities transactions introduced by the Company. In accordance with industry practice and regulatory requirements, the Company and the clearing brokers monitor collateral on the customers' accounts. As of September 30, 2016, the receivable from clearing organizations of \$1,242,867 was pursuant to these clearance agreements.

Note 3: DEPOSIT WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS

The Company has a brokerage agreement with Pershing LLC ("Clearing Broker") to carry its account and the accounts of its clients as customers of the Clearing Broker. The Clearing Broker has custody of the Company's cash balances which serve as collateral for any amounts due to the Clearing Broker as well as collateral for securities sold short or securities purchased on margin. Interest is paid monthly on these cash deposits at the average overnight repurchase rate. The balance at September 30, 2016 was \$125,000.

Note 4: MARKETABLE SECURITIES, AT FAIR VALUE

Marketable securities, at fair value consist of equity securities and municipal securities. As discussed in Note 1, marketable securities held by the Company are classified as trading securities and stated at their fair market value based on quoted market prices. At September 30, 2016, these securities are carried at their fair market value of \$3,111,985. The accounting for the mark-to-market on proprietary account is included in the Statement of Income as unrealized gain (loss) on investment of \$327,231.

Note 5: INCOME TAXES

As discussed in Note 1, the Company has elected the S Corporation tax status; therefore, no federal or state income tax provision is reported.

The Company is required to file income tax returns in both federal and state tax jurisdictions. The Company's tax returns are subject to examination by taxing authorities in the jurisdictions in which it operates in accordance with the normal statutes of limitations in the applicable jurisdiction. For federal purposes, the statute of limitations is three years. Accordingly, the Company is no longer subject to examination of federal returns filed more than three years prior to the date of these financial statements. The statute of limitations for state purposes is generally three years, but may exceed this limitation depending upon the jurisdiction involved. Returns that were filed within the applicable statute remain subject to examination. As of September 30, 2016, the IRS has not proposed any adjustment to the Company's tax position.

Note 6: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT - ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

The Company complies with FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income, or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in an active market for identical assets or liabilities:
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, and model derived prices whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable;
- Level 3 Assets and liabilities whose significant value drivers are unobservable.

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on the recurring basis as of September 30, 2016:

Note 6: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT - ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT (Continued)

Assets	F	<u>air Value</u>	Lev	el 1 Inputs	Level 2 Inputs	Level 3 Inputs
Corporate stocks	\$	3,109,767	\$	3,109,985	\$ -	\$ -
Government and muni bonds	<u>\$</u>	2,218	<u>\$</u>	2,218	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Total	<u>\$</u>	3,111,985	\$	3,111,985	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

Note 7: CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counter-parties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event the counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counter-party or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counter-party.

Note 8: COMMITTMENT AND CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies

The Company maintains several bank accounts at financial institutions. These accounts are insured either by the Federal Deposit Insurance Commission ("FDIC"), up to \$250,000, or the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"), up to \$500,000. At times during the year ended September 30, 2016, the cash balances held in financial institutions were in excess of the FDIC and SIPC's insured limits. The Company had not experience any losses in such accounts and management believes that it has placed its cash on deposit with financial institutions which are financially stable.

Commitments

The Company had no commitments and had not been named as a defendant in any lawsuit as of September 30, 2016 or during the year then ended.

Note 9: GUARANTEES

FASB ASC 460, Guarantees, requires the Company to disclose information about its obligations under certain guarantee arrangements. FASB ASC 460 defines guarantees as contracts and indemnification agreements that contingently require a guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying factor (such as an interest or foreign exchange rate, security or commodity price, an index or the occurrence or nonoccurrence of a specified event) related to an asset, liability or equity security of a guaranteed party. This guidance also defines guarantees as contracts that contingently require the guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on another entity's failure to perform under an agreement as well as indirect guarantees of indebtedness of others.

The Company has issued no guarantees at September 30, 2016 or during the year then ended.

Note 10: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date for items requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements. The evaluation was performed through the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this review, the Company has determined that there were no events which took place that would have a material impact on its financial statements.

Note 11: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") implemented a major restructuring of U.S. accounting and reporting standards. This restructuring established the Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification" or "ASC") as the source of authoritative accounting principles ("GAAP") recognized by the FASB. The principles embodied in the Codification are to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. New accounting pronouncements are incorporated into the ASC through the issuance of Accounting Standards Updates ("ASUs").

The Company has either evaluated or is currently evaluating the implications, if any, of each of these pronouncements and the possible impact they may have on the Company's financial statements. In most cases, management has determined that the pronouncement has either limited or no application to the company and, in all cases, implementation would not have a material impact on the financial statements taken as a whole.

Note 12: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on September 30, 2016, the Company had net capital of \$4,368,885 which was \$4,268,885 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$193,741) to net capital was 0.04 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum allowed.

Note 13: RECONCILIATION OF AUDITED NET CAPITAL TO UNAUDITED FOCUS

There is a difference of \$54,733 between the computation of net capital under net capital SEC Rule 15c3-1 and the corresponding unaudited FOCUS part IIA.

Net capital per unaudited schedule	\$	4,314,152
Adjustments		
Haircuts and undue concentration	\$ 54,733	
		54,733
Net capital per audited statements	<u>\$</u>	4,368,885